Cancer is a disease that occurs when abnormal cells divide without control and damage other parts of the body. There are more than 100 types of cancers.

If cancer returns or recurs, it may be in an advanced stage and can have an even more serious impact on your health. You may have different goals for care when dealing with advanced cancer, and these goals may change over time. Rather than a cure or remission, your goal may be to control the growth of the cancer and improve your quality of life through palliative care.

About Palliative Care

Palliative care is comfort care you can receive from the time of diagnosis through all stages of your cancer. The goal of palliative care is to prevent or treat, as early as possible, the symptoms and side effects of cancer and its treatment. These include physical, emotional, and spiritual problems. Families may also receive and benefit from palliative care because of the physical and emotional impact of caring for a loved one who is seriously ill.

People can have palliative care in addition to treatments to destroy or stop the growth of cancer. A palliative care team can help you and your family deal with treatments or prepare for the changes that may occur, if the cancer cannot be controlled. Research shows that palliative care may help you and your family’s health and well-being. “Family” can be people related to us and those we choose to call family.
About Hospice Care

Hospice care is a type of care that can be provided when cancer treatments are no longer controlling the disease. Hospice doctors, nurses, spiritual leaders, social workers, and volunteers have special training to support people and their families through their physical and emotional journeys at the end of life. Hospice helps you live each day to the fullest by helping you be comfortable. Research has shown that people and families who use hospice services report a higher quality of life than those who don’t.

People often choose hospice care very late in the course of illness. This delays their ability to receive the comfort and dignity offered by hospice workers. Medicare, Medicaid, private health insurers, and the Veterans Health Administration generally allow people to choose hospice care if a person is expected to die in six months or less. Many who have lost family members wish they had asked for hospice sooner.

For the Caregiver

If you are taking care of someone with cancer, you need to take care of your own health as well. You may be more affected by your loved one’s health problems than you realize. You may have physical and emotional fatigue, stress, depression, and anxiety. If you take care of your own body, mind, and spirit, you may have more energy.

Resources

**Planning for Advanced Cancer**
National Cancer Institute at the National Institutes of Health
https://www.cancer.gov/about-cancer/advanced-cancer/planning

**Coping with Advanced Cancer**
National Cancer Institute at the National Institutes of Health
Covers major topics people should consider when they have advanced cancer

**Advanced Care and Caregivers**
National Cancer Institute at the National Institutes of Health
Covers issues caregivers should consider when their family members have advanced cancer
https://www.cancer.gov/about-cancer/advanced-cancer/caregivers

**Give Peace of Mind: Advance Care Planning Centers for Disease Control and Prevention**
More information and helpful links about advance care planning
http://www.cdc.gov/aging/advancecareplanning

**Additional Resources for Veterans and their Caregivers:**

- VA Caregiver Support Website
  http://www.caregiver.va.gov

- VA’s Caregiver Support Line
  1-855-260-3274

- VA Geriatrics and Extended Care
  http://www.va.gov/GERIATRICS/Guide/LongTermCare/Home_and_Community_Based_Services.asp